# MOHAWK VALLEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE, UTICA-ROME, NY

# SCHOOL OF HEALTH SCIENCES HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

## COURSE OUTLINE

## I. COURSE DESCRIPTION:

## HM120 Pathophysiology and Pharmacology

C-3, P-0, Cr-3

This course covers pathophysiological, pharmacological, therapeutic, and diagnostic aspects of medicine. It includes concepts and medical word components for body systems and disorders encountered in healthcare. Pathophysiology of the normal body systems is covered. Topics include includes pharmacological agents, diagnostic tests and interventions, pharmacological intervention selection, and value of laboratory tests. (Online Only)

### Three class hours weekly.

**Prerequisites**: BI110 Survey of Anatomy and Physiology <u>or</u> BI216 Human Anatomy and Physiology 1; HM100 Medical Terminology for Health Professionals.

## II. <u>MATERIALS</u>:

**Text and Learning Materials**: Turley, Susan. *Understanding Pharmacology for Health Professionals*. 5<sup>th</sup> edition. ISBN: 9780135145708. Pearson. Zelman, Mark. *Human Disease*. 8<sup>th</sup> edition. ISBN: 9781323293997. Pearson.

### III. <u>EVALUATION METHODS</u>:

Students will be evaluated in the following manner:

Written Assignment/Project	25%
Exams	25%
Final Comprehensive Exam	25%
Attendance /Assignments	25%

### IV. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES:

### Upon completion of this course the student will be able to:

- 1. Define pathophysiological, pharmacological, therapeutic, and diagnostic aspects of medicine.
- 2. Explain concepts and medical word components for body systems and disorders encountered in health care.
- 3. Describe the pathophysiology of cardiovascular, circulatory, digestive, endocrine, integumentary, lymphatic and immune, musculoskeletal, nervous, reproductive, special senses, and urinary systems.
- 4. Identify diagnostic tests, pharmacological agents, and therapeutic procedures used to assess and treat disease processes, and determine the value of each.

- 5. Discuss pharmacological interventions, determine effectiveness through monitoring, and identify possible adverse reactions.
- 6. Describe the advantages and disadvantages of the different forms in which drugs are manufactured and routes of drug administration.
- 7. List the steps of the drug cycle, and distinguish among local, systemic, therapeutic, allergic, and side effects of drugs.
- 8. Demonstrate the proper use of drug reference materials.

# V. <u>MAJOR TOPICS</u>:

- 1. Mechanisms of Disease
- 2. Introduction to Disease
- 3. Immunity, Inflammation, and Immune Disorders
- 4. Infectious Diseases and Infection Control
- 5. Mental Health and Cognitive Disorders
- 6. Neoplasms
- 7. Heredity and Disease
- 8. Diseases of Body Systems
- 9. Cardiovascular
- 10. Circulatory
- 11. Digestive
- 12. Endocrine and Special Senses
- 13. Genitourinary
- 14. Integumentary
- 15. Lymphatic and Immune
- 16. Musculoskeletal
- 17. Nervous
- 18. Reproductive
- 19. Introduction to Pharmacology
- 20. Drug Design, Testing, Manufacturing and Marketing
- 21. Drug Forms
- 22. Routes of Administration and the Drug Cycle
- 23. Using Drugs Therapeutically
- 24. The Prescription
- 25. Drugs pertaining to each body system
- 26. Anti-Infective Drugs
- 27. Chemotherapy Drugs
- 28. Analgesic Drugs and Anesthesia Drugs