

# Engaging the Multigenerational Workplace June 12, 2023 

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## Agenda

The Multigenerational Workplace
Employee Engagement
Engagement Trends
Key to Engagement: Manager Conversations
Decreasing Burnout Through Strengths


Meet Lisa and Meet Emily

"It's a generational thing."

| Generation | Stereotypes |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Silent Generation (born 1928-1945) | Loyal | Rigid |
| Baby Boomers (born 1946-1964) | Collaborative | Workaholic |
| Generation X (born 1965-1979) | Self-reliant | Cynical |
| Millennials (born 1980-1996) | Driven | Entitled |
| Generation Z (born 1997-2012) | Progressive | Disloyal |



## Treat others the way they want to be treated.



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## Employee Expectations Are Shifting

Today's workers care less about job satisfaction and more about personal growth.

THE PAST


My Satisfaction
My Boss
My Annual Review My Weaknesses

My Job

OUR FUTURE

My Purpose
My Development
My Coach
My Ongoing Conversations
My Strengths
My Life

What Employees Look for In Their Employer, by Generation

## Young Millennials \& Gen Z:

1989-2001

1. The organization cares about employees' wellbeing.
2. The organization's
leadership is ethical.
3. The organization is diverse and inclusive of all people.

Older Millennials: 1980-1988

1. The organization cares about employees' wellbeing.
2. The organization's leadership is ethical.
3. The organization's leadership is open and transparent.

Gen X: 1965-1979

1. The organization's
leadership is ethical.
2. The organization cares about employees' wellbeing.

Baby Boomers: 1946-1964

1. The organization's leadership is ethical.
2. The organization cares about employees' wellbeing.
3. The organization's financial stability.
4. The organization's financial stability.

## Employee Engagement Shapes Wellbeing

## The Employee Experience

Engaged vs. Not Engaged or Actively Disengaged Employees

## Engaged employees are:

- $70 \%$ less likely to feel burned out at work always or very often
- $51 \%$ less likely to be actively looking for another job or watching for opportunities
- 6.3 times as likely to strongly agree they would recommend their organization as a great place to work


## Life Experiences

Engaged vs. Not Engaged or Actively Disengaged Employees

## Engaged employees are:

- $59 \%$ more likely to be thriving (based on their life evaluation)
- $25 \%$ less likely to say they experienced worry during a lot of the previous day
- $20 \%$ less likely to say they experienced stress during a lot of the previous day


## Employee Engagement

ENGAGEMENT
Employee engagement is the involvement and enthusiasm of employees in their work and workplace. Employees can become engaged when their basic needs are met and when they have a chance to contribute, a sense of belonging, and opportunities to learn and grow.

## Engaged employees:

- know the scope of their job

SATISFACTION

- thrill in the challenge of their work every day
- are in roles that use their talents
- always look for new and different ways of achieving the outcomes of their role

Employee Engagement and Overall Satisfaction, 2021-2023

Recent U.S. Employee Engagement
Based on Gallup's $Q^{12}$ survey
$■$ \% Engaged


Recent Overall Satisfaction in the U.S. How satisfied are you with your place of employment as a place to work?
$■ \%$ Extremely satisfied


## Gallup Employee Engagement Science

Science-based focus on the study of excellence in the workplace


## Gallup's Q $^{129}$ Database



```
        127
        INDUSTRIES
        5,375
        CLIENTS
```

    \(191 \quad 62 \quad 7\)
    COUNTRIES

LANGUAGES

### 1.1B RESPONSES

### 57.1M <br> RESPONDENTS

9.5M

WORKGROUPS

$$
\begin{array}{cl}
127 & 8,255 \\
\text { INDUSTRIES } & \text { cLIENTS }
\end{array}
$$

COUNTRIES

Higher Education: 214K respondents, 76 K workgroups, 180 clients

## The 12 Key Drivers of Engagement - Gallup's Q ${ }^{12^{\circledR}}$



## Employee Engagement in the U.S., World and Best-Practice Organizations



[^0] winners; percentages reflect the year that Gallup collected the winners' engagement data - not the year that Gallup named the award winners.

## Higher Ed Employee Engagement Trends Similar to U.S.

Employee Engagement Trends
\% Engaged
First Global Drop in Over 10 Years; U.S. Drop Followed


[^1] winners; percentages reflect the year that Gallup collected the winners' engagement data - not the year that Gallup named the award winners.

## U.S. Employee Engagement Amid Widespread Challenges

Employee Engagement Trends


## 2023 Engagement Segments Within U.S. Workplaces

Employees can be segmented into three fundamental psychological conditions of engagement that are behaviorally predictive.

## 16\%

## actively disengaged

Actively disengaged employees aren't just unhappy at work - they are resentful that their needs aren't being met and are acting out their unhappiness. Every day, these workers potentially undermine what their engaged coworkers accomplish.

## 4\%

## 51\%

NOT ENGAGED

Not engaged employees are psychologically unattached to their work and company. Because their engagement needs are not being fully met, they're putting time - but not energy or passion - into their work.

## BEST-PRACTICE ORGANIZATIONS

## 33\%

ENGAGED

Engaged employees are highly involved in and enthusiastic about their work and workplace. They are psychological "owners," drive performance and innovation, and move the organization forward.

## The Great Resignation = The Great Discontent

```
Just One-Third of U.S. Employees Are Engaged at Work
```


## 67\%

OF EMPLOYEES NATIONWIDE
are not engaged or are actively disengaged at work.

Performance Challenge of the $21^{\text {st }}$ Century: More Than Half of Employees, Regardless of Age, Are Not Engaged or Actively Disengaged


WF Q1 2023, U.S. Employees; Gen Z and Younger Millennials MOE: $\pm 3$ points, Older Millennials MOE: $\pm 3$ points, Gen X MOE: $\pm 2$ points, Baby Boomers MOE: $\pm 2$ points

## ONE OF GALLUP'S

 BIGGEST DISCOVERIES:The manager or team leader plays the most significant role in driving employee engagement.

The manager accounts for

of the variance in team engagement.



- When a manager gives little or no feedback, the manager fails to engage 98\% of employees
- Four out of ten employees who receive little or no feedback become actively disengaged.
- Managers who concentrate on strengths when giving feedback are 30 times more likely to engage their employees than those giving no feedback.


To be an effective, engagement-focused manager, you have to connect with your employees.

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Gallup \(a t\) Work
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```
ersations Matter
```

e an effective, engagement-focused manager
Strengths-Based
Engagement
Discussion Guide
Questions for Managers
to Clarify an Employee's
Engagement Needs,
Motivations and Strengths

# Q04. In the last seven days, I have received recognition or praise for doing good work. 

## Questions to Ask

When you achieve success at work, how do you like to be recognized?

How do your CliftonStrengths explain the way you like to be recognized?

Reflections to Consider

Listen for the kinds of recognition this person enjoys most.

What is the best recognition you have received?
What made this recognition special?

Listen for the types of recognition that would be meaningful for this person. Consider the timing and how (e.g., public vs. private) this person prefers to be recognized.

Gallup's Employee Engagement Hierarchy


```
GROWTH Q11. In the last si< morth, ,omeone at work has tawed to me aboumy progem
    2. 109. My msociates or felow vmployees re commitedt to doing quaty won
```



```
    007. At work my ooinions sem to punt
```



```
        Q05. My sperisoc., or someone at wakk seema toccre sbout me ss aperson
        OO4. in the last seven dyyg. Ihwe rocetved recognition or prasef for darg good woch
        Q03. At wook lhame the opporturity to do what Ido best very doy
        Q02. Inveve the materials end equipneret ineed to domy work righ:
basic needs
    Q01. Imow what sexpectud of me at work
```

These 12 elements of engagement are the factors most powerful in explaining employees'
productive motivations on the job.

[^2]Implement questions to help you increase engagement through the strengths of team members.

Use it one-on-one or with a team.

Leverage the questions as ways to create meaningful conversations in brief, frequent ways.

Utilize the guide to start your performance development conversations.

## Engagement Highest When Entering or Leaving The Workforce

■ \% Engaged


[^3]
## Stress and Burnout Highest Among Gen Z and Younger Millennials



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## Employee Burnout

A syndrome conceptualized as resulting from chronic workplace stress that has not been successfully managed.


Sources
World Health Organization. (2019). Burn-out an "occupational phenomenon": International classification of diseases. Retrieved from https://www.who.int/mental_health/evidence/burn-out/en/

What are examples of words, phrases or sentences you have heard your employees say that may indicate burnout?

## How Burnout Is Manifesting in the Workplace



CARRYING MENTAL AND EMOTIONAL WEIGHT
"I get to the end of a long work day and feel like I barely made progress."

LACK OF CONFIDENCE IN NEW PROCESSES AND APPROACHES
"Departments have competing priorities, processes and expectations that make it hard to know what the true
focal point or process is."


## UNYIELDING WORKLOAD

"There's so much work and not enough time in the day."

## NOT GETTING TO DO WHAT I DO BEST

"I've taken on an interim role while we hire new people and it has pulled me away from my day-today job and what I love to do most."

COMPETING AND CHANGING PRIORITIES
"If everything is a priority than nothing is a priority."

## Managers Are Crucial in Preventing Burnout

- Employees who strongly agree that they feel supported by their manager are about 70\% less likely to experience burnout on a regular basis.
- Employees whose manager is always willing to listen to their work-related problems are 62\% less likely to be burned out.
- Managers play a significant role in fostering positive employee experiences and addressing stressors at work.



## Root Causes of Burnout at Work

Five factors correlate most highly with employee burnout. We call these "root causes" because they have the greatest effect on burnout.

## YOUR TOP

 PRIORITY:Address the root causes of burnout.
1 UNFAIR TREATMENT AT WORK

2 UNMANAGEABLE WORKLOAD

3 UNCLEAR COMMUNICATION FROM MANAGERS

4 LACK OF MANAGER SUPPORT

5 UNREASONABLE TIME PRESSURE

Create a culture where employees can do their best work.

What are your coping strategies to reduce burnout when faced with it in the workplace?

## Our Burnout Study

Gallup asked over 3,000 employees in early 2022 what they do to help themselves feel more productive when they are overwhelmed or frustrated by their job.

| I ALMOST |  | IRARELY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALWAYS | COPING STRATEGY | EVER DO |
| DO THIS. |  | THIS. |

## Most Frequent Coping Strategies by Domain

How we tend to respond to feeling burned out is a clue to our innate talents - those natural patterns of thinking, feeling and behaving.

| Executing |  | Executors | Influencers | Relators | Thinkers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Start getting back to work as quickly as possible. | 71\% | 62\% | 56\% | 55\% |
|  | Exercise or engage in physical activity. | 66\% | 65\% | 59\% | 61\% |
| Influencing | Spend more time with family or friends outside of work. | 50\% | 55\% | 50\% | 46\% |
|  | Think about how their work contributes to their future goals. | 65\% | 73\% | 63\% | 68\% |
| Relationship Building | Think about how others they work with would feel about the same situations. | 59\% | 60\% | 61\% | 52\% |
|  | Think about how their work affects others. | 68\% | 70\% | 71\% | 67\% |
| Strategic Thinking | Stop and take time to think through their situation. | 72\% | 74\% | 74\% | 80\% |
|  | Think about how their work contributes to their future goals. | 51\% | 58\% | 52\% | 62\% |

## Strengths-Based Coping Strategies: Instinctual vs. Recommended

| EXECUTING DOMAIN |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INSTINCTUAL BURNOUT COPING STRATEGIES |  | RECOMMENDED BURNOUT COPING STRATEGIES |  |
|  | \% change in burnout symptoms |  | \% change in burnout symptoms |
| I start getting back to work as quickly as possible. | -15\% | I stop and take my time to think through my situation. | -48\% |
| I exercise or engage in physical activity. | -20\% | I try to find what is positive about my current work situation. | -46\% |
| INFLUENCING DOMAIN |  |  |  |
| INSTINCTUAL BURNOUT COPING STRATEGIES |  | RECOMMENDED BURNOUT COPING STRATEGIES |  |
|  | \% change <br> in burnout <br> symptoms |  | \% change <br> in burnout symptoms |
| I spend more time with family and friends outside of work. | -34\% | I exercise or engage in physical activity. | -48\% |
| I think about how my work contributes to my future goals. | -28\% | I think about how I approached similar situations before. | -4\% |


| RELATIONSHIP BUILDING DOMAIN |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INSTINCTUAL BURNOUT COPING STRATEGIES |  | RECOMMENDED BURNOUT COPING STRATEGIES |  |
|  | \% change in burnout symptoms |  | \% change <br> in burnout symptoms |
| I think about how others I work with might feel about the same situations. <br> I think about how my work affects others. | $+35 \%$ $-13 \%$ | I think about how I approached similar situations before. <br> I use relaxation or mindfulness exercises such as meditation, prayer or yoga. | $-43 \%$ $-33 \%$ |
| STRATEGIC THINKING DOMAIN |  |  |  |
| INSTINCTUAL BURNOUT COPING STRATEGIES |  | RECOMMENDED BURNOUT COPING STRATEGIES |  |
|  | \% change in burnout symptoms |  | \% change in burnout symptoms |
| I stop and take my time to think through my situation.. | -16\% | I think about my current situation as a challenge to find a way to succeed. | -42\% |
| I take more breaks during the workday to relax. | -21\% | I spend more time with family and friends outside of work. | -34\% |



## Questions?

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[^0]:    

[^1]:    

[^2]:    

[^3]:    WF Q1 2023, U.S. FT Employees; Gen Z and Younger Millennials MOE: $\pm 3$ points, Older Millennials MOE: $\pm 3$ points, Gen X MOE: $\pm 2$ points, Baby Boomers MOE: $\pm 2$ points

